

Science & Technology in Society Washington, DC

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What is this all about?

- Normatively identity-neutral interactions "hide" identity work
- Identity-oriented purposes are "hidden" in form and function of discourse events
- Community constructs combine
 - Discourse Communities
 - Epistemic Cultures
 - Communities of Practice
- Newsgroup analysis will illuminate these themes
 - Research still unfolding

Newsgroup Backgrounder

- Newsgroups are subsections of the Usenet system
 - Created in 1979 at Duke University
- Users read and submit public messages ("posts") to newsgroups
- Discussions are threaded
 - Largely driven by news reader client software
- Still available and see high-traffic use
 - Via portals like Google and Yahoo

How was that again?

- Compare newsgroup discourse for C++ and Lisp
- Analyze all posts for 15 days: 7/1/2008-7/15/2008
 - comp.lang.c++ (1440 messages in 238 threads)
 - comp.lang.lisp (649 messages in 95 threads)
- Why these newsgroups?
 - Significantly different focus of each group
 - Both are high-traffic (in top ten within comp.lang.* branch)
 - C++: Largest single subscriber base in comp.lang.*

What Do Newsgroups Do?

- "Official" or Normative purposes
 - Solve intractable technical questions
 - "Be there for the newbie"
- Identity-oriented purposes
 - Determine what counts as knowledge
 - Create and maintain group mythologies
 - Pass-on shared history
 - Validate and maintain practices
 - Establish individual credibility
 - Maintain and strengthen boundaries with other languages

Technical Foundations... Mostly

- C++
 - High-level language, Objectoriented
 - General purpose
 - Commercial
 - Created by Bjarne Stroustrup at Bell Labs in 1979
 - ANSI/ISO standards maintained
 - Strongly "defended" or "protected"

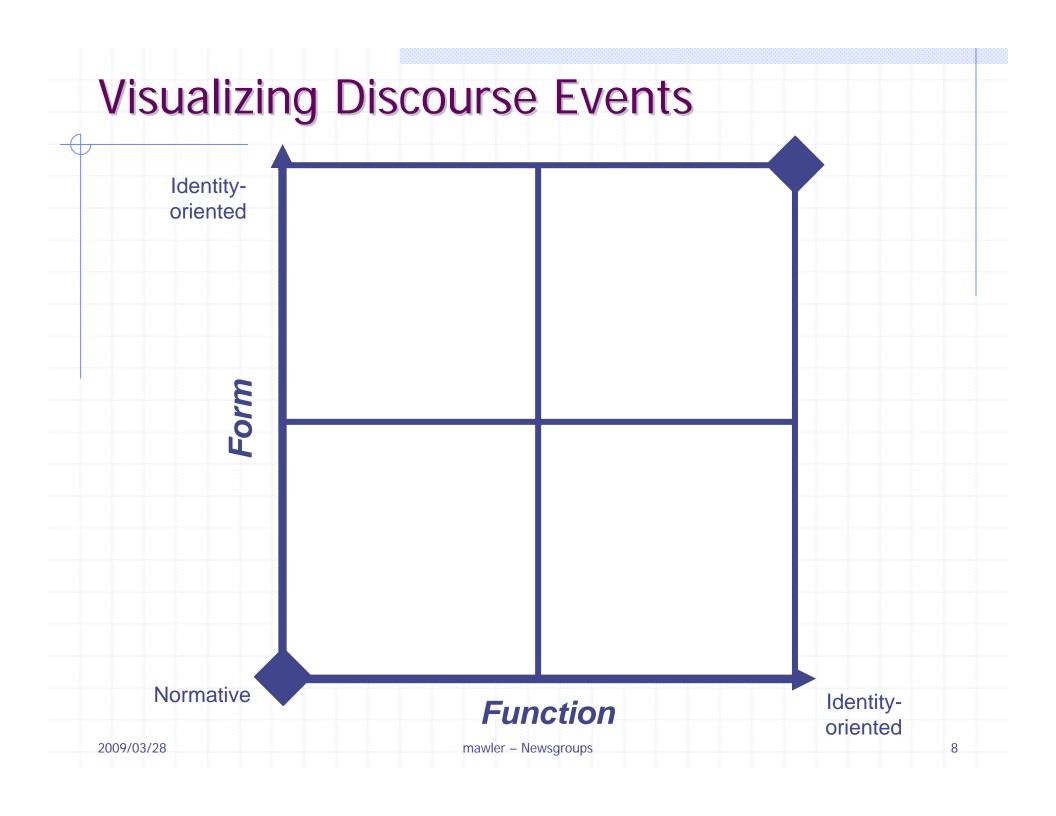
- Lisp
 - Early high-level programming language
 - Central to classic AI research
 - Academic
 - Created by John McCarthy at MIT in 1958
 - Many sub-dialects, with two dominant
 - Common Lisp, created 1984
 - ANSI standard established 1994
 - Scheme, created 1970s
 - IEEE standard established 1990

Newsgroup "Style"

- Both unmoderated community and individual policing
- Both dominated by small group
 - C++ top 5 = 24%; Lisp top 5 = 26%
 - C++ dominated by one guy (James) at 10.83%
- comp.lang.c++
 - Standards for interaction published
 - Regular reference to "the standard"
 - Regular answer writers never start threads
- comp.lang.lisp
 - No official standard of interaction
 - Less policing of off-topic posts
 - References to standards more diffuse
 - More "professionals" initiate posts
- Differences are qualitative, rather than quantitative

Analyzing the texts

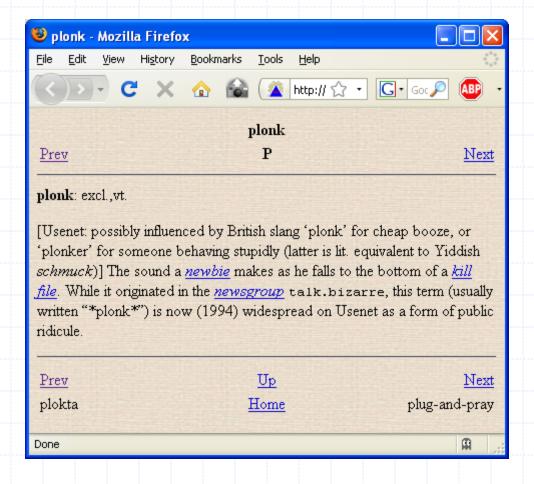
- From & Function on a spectrum
 - "Normative" to "Identity-oriented"
 - Differs from "discourse", "style", and "genre"
- Form
 - Modes of expression
 - Genre / generic structures (e.g., "article")
 - Grammatical forms (e.g., "interrogative" or "third person")
 - Literary forms (e.g., "irony" or "sarcasm")
 - Cultural references (e.g., Hitchhiker's Guide to the Universe)
- Function
 - Relevance to the community's normative goals for the discourse event
- Re-emphasizes that differences are qualitative



Hunting of the Snark



Self-regulation by public ridicule



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A complete picture

- Understanding technical communities requires synthesis of three frameworks for community analysis
 - Programming newsgroups...
 - ...Are fundamentally about discourse (DC)
 - Traditionally, as a text-based community
 - Topically, since programming is a linguistic task
 - ...Create knowledge (EC)
 - Programming methods
 - History of programming
 - What counts as programming culture
 - ...Evaluate, establish, and maintain practices (CoP)
 - Programming
 - Community interactions
 - For both newsgroups and physical-space